Emmer Green Primary School

French Progression of Skills and Curriculum Overview

Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Group						
Year 3	Theme: I'm Learning	Theme: Animals	Theme: Fruits	Theme: Musical	Theme: Little Red Riding	Theme: I Can
	<u>French</u>	To introduce the new topic of	Introduce the unit – Fruits.	<u>Instruments</u>	<u>Hood</u>	Introduce the children to
	Introduce France as a	les animaux	To learn the name of five	Introduce new topic Les	To introduce storytelling	verbs in French.
	country and French as a		fruits	Instruments	in French using Petit	
	subject	To revise the five animals			Chaperon Rouge	To introduce the next
		from last week and learn the	To learn the name of five	To revise the five		five verbs to the class
	To introduce the question	next five animals in French.	new fruits	instruments from last	To listen to the story	
	for how they are and			week and learn the next	origin and use word	To consolidate all ten
	possible replies	To consolidate and retain all	To move from singular	five instruments in	cards and picture cards	verbs and integrate je
		ten nouns from this unit with	noun to plural noun and	French.	to help remember	peux
	To learn how to say my	a variety of memorising	consolidate all ten fruits in		vocabulary	
	name in French and ask	activities.	French	To revise and remember		To use all new
	others their name			all the instruments	To learn parts of the	knowledge to improve
		To learn how to write the	Develop further linguistic	introduced in weeks 1	body in French	listening and reading
	To learn the numbers 1 –	animals vocabulary by looking	progression by learning	and 2. To learn the		skills in French.
	10 and the colours in	closely at the spellings	how to formulate a simple	appropriate French word	To consolidate parts of	
	French	through a variety of activities	opinion on fruits using	for "the" for each	the body in French	To use all new
			"J'aime" ("I like") plus	instrument.		knowledge in writing
	To learn the colours in	Extend vocabulary by	a fruit.		To consolidate and use	activities
	French	introducing je suis + animal.		To revise all the	all new language	
			The children will be	instruments in French	independently from the	
			introduced to the negative	and learn how to say Je	fairy tale by mind	
			opinion "Je n'aime pas"	joue ('I play') a particular	mapping	
			("I do not like…") with the	instrument in French.		
			extra opportunity to also			
			learn the question "Est-ce	To consolidate all the		
			que tu aimes?" ("Do you	language covered so far		
			like?") They can use this			
			new language to perform			
			a short, simple role play.			

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Year 4	Theme: Presenting	Theme: Family	Theme: My Home	Theme: Habitats	Theme: The Classroom	Theme: Goldilocks
	Myself	To start the unit La	To introduce the aim of	Introduce the new unit	To start the unit En	To listen attentively to a
	To introduce French as a	Famille and introduce	the unit "Chez moi" ('Chez	Les Habitats.	Classe by introducing the	longer piece of French
	subject and France as a	the nouns in French for	moi' is the French for 'my		first set of new	and learn how to decode
	country. Introduce the	family members.	home').To say they live in	To learn in French the	vocabulary for classroom	and break down
	numbers 1-10.		a house or an apartment	essential elements that	objects.	language by looking out
		To continue and	and will be given a choice	all plants and animals		for cognates (words that
	To learn how to say	consolidate the nouns	of where their home or	need to survive. Learning	To revise the classroom	are similar in English).
	your name and ask	and definite articles for	apartment is located.	to look out for cognates	objects from the last	
	somebody their name in	members of the family.		(words that are similar in	lesson and integrate the	To decode French text by
	French. To consolidate	Introduce the target	Consolidation of last	French and English).	next five objects.	looking out for verbs,
	numbers 1-10 and	question elle/il	week's language			adjectives and nouns
	introduce numbers 11-	s'appelle comment?	connected to "J'habite"	Learn about some of the	To consolidate all the	
	20.		plus the first five nouns for	key habitats in our	vocabulary for classroom	
		To consolidate il/elle	rooms of the home	world.	objects and introduce	
	To revise and	s'appelle and introduce			j'ai and je n'ai pas de.	
	consolidate numbers 1-	new target question as-	To learn another five	To learn about which		
	20 and introduction of	tu un frère/as-tu une	nouns for rooms. To	animals live in specific	To consolidate new	
	the new target question	soeur?	further consolidate the	habitats and look at	language j'ai and je n'ai	
	quel âge as tu?		language covered so far –	some of their	pas de. Extend with a	
		To consolidate j'ai un	especially 'Chez moi il y	adaptations.	listening exercise and	
	To revise numbers 1-20	frère/j'ai une soeur and	a' ('In my home there		'sondage' (survey) on	
	and practice further	il/elle s'appelle	is / there are) using	To learn in French which	what is and is not in	
	their role play and		these ten articles and	plants grow in specific	their pencil case	
	introduce a new	To introduce numbers	nouns.	habitats.		
	question où habites-tu?	10-100 to enable			To quickly revise dans	
	and answer with	children to work	Develop further linguistic	Consolidate which	ma trousse j'ai and dans	
	j'habite	towards being able to	progression by learning	animal and which plant	ma trousse je n'ai pas de	
		say how old their	how to use the negative	lives in a particular	and teach the children	
	Revising all previous	siblings/family	structure "Chez moi il n'y a	habitat	simple classroom	
	knowledge including the	members are.	pas de"		commands in French.	
	language regarding					

nationality in French in	To introduce the	The children will be		
preparation for ID card	concept of the	encouraged to put all their		
activity	possessives mon, ma	new language into context		
delivity	and mes allowing the	by integrating it with		
	children to introduce	previously learnt language		
	their family (factual or	(je m'appelle, j'ai		
	fictitious).	ans) in a role play		
	netrious).	activity.		
		activity.		

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Year 5	Theme: Do you have a Pet? To learn the eight nouns and matching gender articles for the different pets Consolidation of new 'Pets' vocabulary. Use of "J'ai" ("I have") plus a pet and we will also introduce the connective "et" ("and") To learn and use the structure "qui s'appelle" ("that is called") To learn how to use the negative structure "je n'ai pas de / d'" To learn a new connective "mais" ("but") that they can incorporate into their work	Theme: What is the Date? To learn the months of the year in French To consolidate the months of the year in French. To learn how to say the date in French. To learn how to say when their birthday is in French. To consolidate our learning with a reading exercise and then create French calendars	Theme: The Weather To introduce new unit Quel temps fait-il? Introduce the new vocabulary connected to the weather in French. To consolidate our work on the weather using PowerPoints and matching pairs game. To use new weather language in a listening exercise integrating days of the week. To learn how to read a weather map and describe the weather in different parts of the country To use all the weather information learnt in this unit to be French weather presenters!	Theme: Clothes To learn ten new nouns and articles for items of clothing. To continue with introduction of the next eleven items of clothing To consolidate all the vocabulary for clothing and introduce the verb structure 'I wear' - je porte To be able to fully conjugate the ER verb - porter. To look more closely at adjectival agreement by describing clothes in terms of colour To pack a suitcase for a holiday, using the items of clothing and the possessive adjective 'my' in French.		Introduce the new unit Les Jeux Olympiques. The children will learn to listen attentively to longer passages of French and discover how to decode and breakdown language by looking out for cognates (words that are similar in English). To look at the key facts of the modern Olympic games using story ordering to help decipher and decode meaning. To introduce the children to ten French nouns (and their article) for sports currently in the Olympic games. To consolidate all the language covered so far by introducing the verb faire ('to do') as well as a negative option for not doing a particular sport using the structure je ne fais pas de. To show the children how to use all the language they have covered in this unit in a real context.

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Year 6	Theme: At School		Theme: The Weekend	Theme: The Planets	Theme: Me In The World	
	To introduce the aim of		To introduce the aim of	To introduce the aim of	To introduce the aim of	
	the unit A L'école - to		the unit Le Week-end. To	the unit Les Planètes. To	the unit Moi Dans le	
	introduce the		learn the language	expand the range of	Monde ("Me in the	
	vocabulary for school		required to describe a	vocabulary of the	world"). This lesson will	
	subjects.		variety of activities they	children by introducing	introduce our four	
			may do at the weekend as	the planets in French.	characters and their	
	To consolidate the		well as the language		locations in the	
	vocabulary for school		needed for telling the time	To consolidate the new	Francophone World.	
	subjects and to extend		accurately.	words from last week		
	by introducing an			and work on more	This week each character	
	opinion.		To consolidate the	complex sentence	will tell us more about a	
			vocabulary for time and	structure in French by	favourite celebration in	
	To introduce the		introduce new phrases for	describing each planet in	their country using the	
	concept of time in		the activities the children	more detail.	'Moi Dans Le Monde (2)'	
	French.		may do at the weekend.		PowerPoint.	
				To consolidate their		
	To consolidate all the		To consolidate the new	learning with a variety of	Children will consolidate	
	language covered so		language for activities	reading and listening	their cultural knowledge	
	far using a listening		introduced last week with	activities.	and understanding as	
	activity. We will also		a variety of activities.		two of the characters	
	introduce the irregular		These include some	To consolidate their	(Jasmina and Edouard)	
	verb aller ('to go').		reading and listening	knowledge of the	give more detailed	
			work.	planets by looking at the	information on two	
	To consolidate all the			rules for adjectival	different religious	
	language covered in		To consolidate all the	agreement in French.	celebrations.	
	the unit by preparing a		language covered so far			
	PowerPoint		allowing the children an	To consolidate their	Develop further cultural	
	presentation including		opportunity to integrate a	knowledge of adjectival	awareness by comparing	
	school subjects,		time with the new phrases	agreement in French	where two of our	
	opinions and time		and learn how to use	using clothes.	characters live - Cécile in	
			connectives		Paris (France) and	
					Merwan in Port-au-	
					Prince (Haiti	

To consolidate all the language covered so and introduce three positive and three negative opinion phr	The four characters in this unit will discuss how they are going to be more responsible global	
negative opinion pin	citizens by doing more t protect our planet.	

Intent

Our modern foreign language curriculum fosters children's curiosity and deepens their understanding of the world.

We believe that learning a modern foreign language is a vital part of children's learning, which helps to prepare children for their secondary education. Learning a language has an important role to play in the preparation of our children's futures, as it helps to develop confidence and raise cultural understanding and deepens their curiosity about the world around them. All children are provided with opportunities to explore French as a Modern Foreign Language through the skills of Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing, whilst meeting the requirements of the National Curriculum.

At Emmer Green Primary School, we use the Language Angels scheme of work and resources to ensure we offer a broad, vibrant and ambitious MFL curriculum that will inspire and excite our children. We use a wide variety of topics and themes that relate to other areas of the curriculum, whilst building on what children have previously learnt.

Implementation

Children progressively develop skills in French through well-planned, weekly, 30-minute lessons using the Language Angels Scheme of Work.

Children acquire, use and apply a growing bank of vocabulary (through the use of topic Vocabulary Lists), language skills and grammatical knowledge organised around age-appropriate topics and themes. Lessons offering appropriate levels of challenge are taught at all times to ensure children learn effectively, continuously building their knowledge of and enthusiasm for the language they are learning. Our children learn through active participation in actions, rhymes, stories, song, grammar focus, video clips, sentence structure, dictionary work and may other creative ways to extend, embed and combine language skills.

Impact

MFL at Emmer Green Primary School will ensure all children develop key language learning skills, as set out by the National Curriculum, as well as a love of languages that develops year on year.

Topics increase in their level of challenge as children move from Early Learning topics through Intermediate topics and into the most challenging Progressive topics. Early Learning topics start at basic noun and article level and teach children how to formulate short phrases. By the time children reach progressive topics they will be exposed to much longer texts and will be encouraged to formulate their own, more personalised responses based on a much wider bank of vocabulary, linguistic structures and grammatical knowledge. They will be able to create longer pieces of spoken and written language and are encouraged to use a variety of conjunctions, adverbs, adjectives, opinions and justifications. Children continuously build on their previous knowledge as they progress in their foreign language-learning journey, as previous language is recycled, revised, recalled and consolidated, where appropriate. Children will discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the French language.

Children are aware of their own learning goals and progression as each unit offers a pupil friendly self-assessment tool, so that all children can review their own learning at the end of each unit.

Languages Programmes of Study: Key Stage 2 National curriculum

Teaching may be of any modern or ancient foreign language and should focus on enabling pupils to make substantial progress in one language. The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at key stage 3. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary. The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication.

Pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing