	Area of study								
	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 3	Spring Term 4	Summer Term 5	Summer Term 6			
Reception		Bonfire Night & Guy Fawkes Remembrance Day Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. How are these events celebrated today? Why do people celebrate them?	Mary Seacole Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. How has this impacted life today?	Turning butter into cream Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. How has this impacted life today? What is the same/different and why?		Life of David Attenborough Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and difference between things in the past and now. Understand the past through setting, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. How has David Attenborough had an impact on life today? Why is he a significant person?			
Year 1	<b>Toys</b> Changes within living memory. What are the similarities and differences between toys in the past and now?		Famous people Christopher Columbus & Florence Nightingale The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. How have these people impacted life today? Why are they significant people?						
Year 2	Famous People - Kings and Queens Queen Victoria & Queen Elizabeth II The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements - How have		Famous people Grace Darling & Rosa Parks The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements - How have they impacted life in Britain today? Events beyond living		Significant events - The Great Fire of London Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.				

	they impacted life in Britain today? Changes within living memory.	memory that are significant nationally or globally.			
Year 3	Changes in Britain from the Stone Age Iron Age Late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers, technology and travel, Iron Age hill forts: tribal kin farming, art and culture	religion,		<b>Ancient Egypt</b> The achievements of the earliest civilizations - an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared	
Year 4	Home and Away A local history study of the local area - Emmer G (Geography-based topic) that studies overtime how aspects of national history are reflected in the loca	now several on the western world		<b>Ancient Rome</b> The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	
	have the changes impacted on Emmer Green too	the changes impacted on Emmer Green today? *The legacy of Greek culture (ar on later periods in British histor		*The legacy of Roman culture (art, architecture or literature) on later periods in British history, including the present day.	
Year 5		Britain's Settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire , Scots invasions from Ireland to north Britain, Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: place names and village life, Anglo-Saxon art and culture, Christian conversion - Canterbury, Iona and Lindisfarne	The Viking and Anglo- Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Viking raids and invasion, resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England Further Viking invasions and Danegeld, Anglo-Saxon laws and justice, Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066	on later periods in British history, including the present da <b>Reading</b> A local history study of the local area - Reading (Geography based topic) that studies an aspect of history or a site dati from a period beyond 1066 that is significant to the localit Reading as an early settlement & local history of Huntley ar Palmers. How have these events impacted Reading today?	
Year 6	<b>The Maya</b> A non-European society that provides contrasts with history - Maya civilization	h British A study of an aspect or the extends pupils' chronological	<b>ctorians</b> neme in British history that knowledge beyond 1066. How npacted life in Britain today?		

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Chronological understanding	<ul> <li>Early Years Outcomes and Early Learning Goals</li> <li>Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Comment on images of familiar situations in the past (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Talk about members of their immediate family. (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Discuss experiences that are familiar to</li> </ul>	National Curriculum Pupils should be taught to: • Develop, then demonstrate an awarer phrases relating to the passing of tim	ness of the past, using common words and
	them • Begin to use the terms 'then', 'now', 'old', 'new', 'past' and 'present'		

changes in	Compare and contrast characters from	National Curriculum         Pupils should be taught to:         • Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods         • Can give simple reason/consequences,       • Can give a clear explanation of an important
of past events, people and the past	<ul> <li>stories, including figures from the past. (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can give simple reason/consequences, why a real person acted as they did in an historical situation</li> <li>Recall some facts about people/events before living memory</li> <li>Can give a clear explanation of an important event, offering 2 or 3 reasons why an event took place</li> <li>Children give a few reasons for more complex human actions</li> <li>Use information to describe the past (differences between then and now)</li> <li>Recount the main events from a significant event in history</li> </ul>
Knowledge and understanding	<ul> <li>Listen to and talk about a historical situation/event/story</li> <li>Discuss experiences that are familiar to them and how these may have differed in the past</li> <li>Discuss familiar situations in the past e.g. homes and school</li> </ul>	

Historical interpretation	<ul> <li>Comment on images of familiar situations in the past (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> </ul>	National Curriculum         Pupils should be taught to:         • Understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented         • Look at books, videos, photographs, pictures and artefacts to find out about the past         • Look at books, not pictures and artefacts to find out about the past         • Look at and use books and pictures, stories, eye- witness accounts, pictures, photographs, artefacts, historic buildings, museums, galleries, historical sites and the internet to find out about the past.
Hist	past and present using stories or images	

<ul> <li>Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them</li> </ul>	National Curriculum         Pupils should be taught to:         • Ask and answer questions         • Identify different ways in which the past is represented    • Identify different ways in which the past is represented.
<ul> <li>(Communication and Language, Reception)</li> <li>Comment on images of familiar situations in the past (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Identify similarities and differences between 'then' and 'now'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore events, look at pictures and ask questions.</li> <li>Ask questions about the past.</li> <li>Use a wide range of information to answer questions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Discuss experiences that are familiar to them and how these may have differed in the past</li> <li>Discuss familiar situations in the past e.g. homes and school</li> </ul>	

	National Curriculum           Pupils should be taught to:           • Choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.					
<ul> <li>Describe events in some detail (Communication and Language, Reception)</li> <li>Comment on images of familiar situations in the past (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. (Understanding the World, Reception)</li> <li>Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (Past and Present, ELG)</li> <li>Sort photographs/pictures/objects into groups 'then' and 'now'.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about stories about the past.</li> <li>Discuss experiences that are familiar to them and how these may have differed in the past</li> <li>Discuss familiar situations in the past e.g. homes and school</li> <li>Discuss fictional and non-fictional characters from a range of cultures and times</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sort events or objects into groups.</li> <li>Use timelines to order events or objects.</li> <li>Tell stories about the past.</li> <li>Talk, write and draw about things from the past.</li> <li>Communicate ideas about people, objects or events from the past in speaking, writing, drawing, role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> </ul>					

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
standing	<ul> <li>the past, using com relating to the pase</li> <li>Show where places into a broad chrono</li> <li>Begin to use dates</li> <li>Use simple timelines to sequence processes, events,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>onstrate an awareness of mon words and phrases sing of time , people and events fit ological framework</li> <li>Can sequence within clock and calendar time</li> </ul>	and world Put events, people on a time-line Use correct term events in the past Use a timeline to place historical events in	gly secure wledge and history, local, British e, places and artefacts inology to describe t • Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC	National Curriculum         Pupils should be taught to:         • Develop increasingly secure chronological knowledge and understanding of history, local, British and world         • Put events, people, places and artefacts on a time-line         • Use correct terminology to describe events in the past         • Use a greater depth and range of knowledge         • Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC         • Order significant events, movements and dates on a		
	<ul> <li>bjects within their own experience.</li> <li>More confident in the use of terms 'old' and 'new'</li> <li>Uses terms 'then' and 'now' and is comfortable with the term 'past'.</li> <li>Understands that the world was different in the 'olden days'.</li> <li>Time Children realise that we use dates to describe events in time e.g. 1666 for the Great Fire of London.</li> <li>Use timelines to order events or objects or place significant people.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>chronological order</li> <li>Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini)</li> <li>Describe dates and order significant events from the period studied.</li> <li>(Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini)</li> <li>Describe dates and order significant events from the period studied.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini)</li> <li>Order significant events and dates on a timeline</li> <li>Describe the main changes in a period in history.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>timeline</li> <li>Identify and compare changes within and across different periods</li> <li>Understand how some historical events occurred at the same time in different locations</li> </ul>	

	National Curriculum	8	NI	ational Curriculum						
the	0									
in t	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>Identify similarities and differences</li> </ul>			Pupils should be taught to:						
			•	<ul> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends overtime</li> </ul>						
ő	between ways of life i	n aitterent perioas								
Knowledge and understanding of past events, people and changes past	<ul> <li>Can give simple reason/consequences, why a real person acted as they did in an historical situation</li> <li>Recall some facts about people/events before living memory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can give a clear explanation of an important event, offering 2 or 3 reasons why an event took place</li> <li>Children give a few reasons for more complex human actions</li> <li>Use information to describe the past (differences between then and now)</li> <li>Recount the main events from a significant event in history</li> </ul>	•	Use evidence to describe the culture and leisure activities from the past Use evidence to describe clothes, way of life and actions of people in the past Use evidence to describe buildings and their uses of people from the past	•	Use evidence to describe what was important to people from the past Use evidence to show how rich and poor people from the past differed Describe similarities and differences between people, events and artefacts studied Describe how some of the things studied from the past affect/influence life today	•	Choose reliable sources of information to find out about the past Give own reasons why changes may have occurred, backed up by evidence Describe similarities and differences between some people, events and artefacts studied Describe how historical events studied affect/influence life today Make links between features of past societies (e.g. religion, houses, society, technology)	•	Choose reliable sources of information to find out about the past Give reasons why changes may have occurred, backed up by evidence Describe similarities and differences between some people and events and artefacts studied Describe how some of the things studied affect/influence life today Make links between some of the features of past societies (e.g. religion, houses, society, technology)

			National Curriculum Pupils should be taught to: • Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources				
Historical interpretation	<ul> <li>Look at books, videos, photographs, pictures and artefacts to find out about the past</li> </ul>	• Look at and use books and pictures, stories, eye- witness accounts, pictures, photographs, artefacts, historic buildings, museums, galleries, historical sites and the internet to find out about the past.	• Explore the idea that there are different accounts of history.	<ul> <li>Look at different versions of the same event in history and identify differences.</li> <li>Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that persuades others.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that some evidence from the past is propaganda, opinion or misinformation, and that this affects interpretations of history.</li> <li>Give reasons why there may be different accounts of history.</li> <li>Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms.</li> <li>Know that people both in the past have a point of view and that this can affect interpretation.</li> <li>Give clear reasons why there may be different accounts of history, linking this to factual understanding of the past.</li> </ul>	

National Curriculum		National Curriculum							
Pupils should be tau	ht to:	Pupils should be taught to:							
<ul> <li>Ask and answer a</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Identify different ways in which the past is represented</li> <li>Explore events, look at pictures and ask questions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify different ways in which the past is represented.</li> <li>Ask questions about the past.</li> <li>Use a wide range of information to answer questions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums as evidence about the past.</li> <li>Ask questions and find answers about the past.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums as evidence about the past.</li> <li>Ask questions and find answers about the past.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums as evidence about the past.</li> <li>Choose reliable sources of evidence to answer questions, realising that there is often not a single answer to historical questions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums as evidence about the past.</li> <li>Choose reliable sources of evidence to answer questions, realising that there is often not a single answer to historical questions.</li> <li>Investigate own lines of enquiry by posing questions to answer.</li> </ul>				

ion		ts of stories and other at they know and understand	<ul> <li><u>National Curriculum</u></li> <li>Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.</li> </ul>					
Organisation and Communicati	<ul> <li>Sort events or objects into groups.</li> <li>Use timelines to order events or objects.</li> <li>Tell stories about the past.</li> <li>Talk, write and draw about things from the past.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe objects, people or events in history.</li> <li>Use timelines to order events or objects or place significant people.</li> <li>Communicate ideas about people, objects or events from the past in speaking, writing, drawing, role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data- handling, drama role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data- handling, drama role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> <li>Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama role-play, storytelling and using ICT.</li> <li>Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period.</li> </ul>		