	Emmer Green Primary School	Skills Progression in Reception	Physical Development
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Gross Motor Skills	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - Rolling - Crawling - Walking - Jumping - Running - Running - Running - Skipping - Climbing Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co- ordination and agility. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at the table or sitting on the floor.	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. -Demonstrate precision and accuracy when beginning and ending movements. Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. - Able to perform movements alone and with others. -To conclude movements in balance and stillness. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. -Children are able to follow and engage in ball games with teams, rules and targets when they have consolidated their ball skills.	ELG Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. For the full, whole school progression of PE skills, please see <u>here</u>

	Champany (and a daminant hand	Normalize the formulation of a bound unities of the	
	Show a preference for a dominant hand.	Develop the foundations of a hand writing style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	ELG
	Develop their small motor skills so that they	-Children's letter formation becomes automatic,	Hold a nancil offectively in propagation for fluent
	•		Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent
s II	can use a range of tools competently, safely	efficient and fluent over time.	writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
Ski	and confidently.		Lies a names of small tools including asissan
or	-Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and		Use a range of small tools, including scissors,
Fine Motor Skills	writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks,		paintbrushes and cutlery.
1e /	spoons.		Design to show assument, and some when drawing
Fir			Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing
			For the full, whole school progression of
			Handwriting skills, please see our handwriting
			policy here
	Be increasingly independent as they get		No ELG relating to Health and Self-Care
	dressed and undressed, for example, putting		(See ELG PSED Statements)
	coats on and doing up zips.		
			Manage their own basic hygiene and personal
	Further develop the skills they need to		needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and
ູ	manage the school day successfully:		understanding the importance of healthy food
Car	- Lining up and queuing		choices.
lf-(- Mealtimes		
Se	- Personal; hygiene		
put			
th c			
Health and Self-Care			
Ĩ			

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pupils should be taught:		Pupils should be tau	ight:		
• To master basic m	ovements including developing	• To develop flexibil	ity, strength, technique, control ar	nd balance	
	d co-ordination, and begin to apply	• To compare their	performance with previous ones a	nd demonstrate impro	ovement to achieve their personal
these in a range o	factivities	best		1	
For instance:		For instance:		For instance:	
SEQUENCING		SEQUENCING		SEQUENCING	
	sequence with a balance, a		c sequence with clear changes of		of up to 8 elements: (e.g. a
travelling action, a j	-		alances with 3 different ways of		mmetrical shapes and balances and
Teach sequence to a partner and perform together		travelling			and jumping actions; changes of
				direction and level and show mirroring; and matching	
BALANCE Stand and sit "like a	avmnast"	starting shape move together by e.g. travelling on hands and feet, rolling, jumping. Then move apart to		shapes and balances Create a longer more complex sequence of up to 10	
Explore the 5 basic s		finish		elements e.g. a combination of counter	
straight/tucked/sta	•	Jinish		-	nsion, twisting/turning, travelling
-	ipes on large body parts: back,	BALANCE		on hands and feet, as well as jumping and rolling	
front, side, bottom	, , , ,	Explore and develop	use of upper body strength		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Explore balance on j	front and back so that extended	taking weight on ha	nds and feet – front support	BALANCE	
arms and legs are h	eld off the floor (arch and dish	(press up position) and back support (opposite) NB:		Perform balances with control, showing good body	
shapes respectively)		ensure hands are always flat on floor and fingers		tension	
	showing good tension in the core	point the same way as toes		Mirror and match partner's balance i.e. making same	
	ension in the arms and legs, hands		n combinations of 1/2/3/4		t level or in a different place
and feet		"points" e.g. 2 hands and 1 foot, head and 2 hands in			
	front and back so that extended	a tucked head stand		own and with a partner	
arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish		Balance on floor and apparatus exploring which body			
shapes respectively) Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring		parts are the safest to use Explore balancing with a partner: facing, beside,		partner's weight using counter balance (pushing against) and counter tension (pulling away from)	
and developing use of upper body strength taking		behind and on differ		-	acrobatic balances with a partner
	d feet – front support (press up				different levels on apparatus
-	upport (opposite) NB: ensure hands				

are always flat on floor and fingers point the same way as toes TRAVEL Begin to travel on hands and feet (hands flat on floor and fully extend arms) Monkey walk (bent legs and extended arms) Caterpillar walk (hips raised so legs as well as arms can be fully extended. Keep hands still while walking feet towards hands, keep feet still while walking hands away from feet until in front support position) Bunny hop (transfer weight to hands) JUMP Explore shape in the air when jumping and landing with control (e.g. star shape) ROLL Continue to develop control in different rolls Pencil roll – from back to front keeping body and limbs in straight shape Egg roll – lie on side in tucked shape, holding knees tucked into chest roll onto back and onto other side. Repeat to build up core strength Dish roll – with extended arms and legs off the floor, roll from dish to arch shape slowly and with control	 TRAVEL Use a variety of rolling actions to travel on the floor and along apparatus Travel with a partner; move away from and together on the floor and on apparatus Travel at different speeds e.g. move slowly into a balance, travel quickly before jumping Travel in different pathways on the floor and using apparatus, explore different entry and exit points other than travelling in a straight line on apparatus JUMP Explore leaping forward in stag jump, taking off from one foot and landing on the other (on floor and along bench controlling take-off and landing) Add a quarter or half turn into a jump before landing Make a twisted shape in the air and control landing by keeping body upright throughout the twisting action ROLL Continue to develop control in rolling actions on the floor, off and along apparatus or in time with a partner. 	 Perform group balances at the beginning, middle or end of a sequence. Consider how to move in and out of these balances with fluency and control Begin to take more weight on hands when progressing bunny hop into hand stand TRAVEL Travel sideways in a bunny hop and develop into cartwheeling action keeping knees tucked in and by placing one hand then the other on the floor Increase the variety of pathways, levels and speeds at which you travel Travel in time with a partner, move away from and back to a partner JUMP Make symmetrical and asymmetrical shapes in the air Jump along, over and off apparatus of varying height with control in the air and on landing ROLL Explore different starting and finishing positions when rolling e.g. forward roll from a straddle position on feet and end in a straddle position on floor or feet/begin a backward roll from standing in a straight position,
Repeat to build up core strength Dish roll – with extended arms and legs off the floor, roll	Continue to develop control in rolling actions on the floor, off and along apparatus or in time with a	rolling e.g. forward roll from a straddle position on feet and end in a straddle position on floor or feet/begin a

GAMES					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pupils should be taught:		Pupils should be taught:		I	
 To participate in team ga tactics for attacking and o 		hockey, netball, rounders	and tennis], and apply basic	te [for example, badminton, principles suitable for attack demonstrate improvement	ing and defending
For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
Invasion Games	Invasion Games	Invasion Games	Invasion Games	Invasion Games	Invasion Games
 Explore different ways 	• Recognise the best ways	 Practise passing to a 	 Play 3vs1 and 4vs1 and 	 Show ways to keep ball 	• Understand that when
of using a ball.	to score points and stop	partner using a number	how to use the space	away from defenders.	team has ball they are
 Explore ways to send a 	points being scored.	of sending and receiving	and help each other.	• How to shield the ball.	attacking and when the
ball or other equipment.	 Recognise how they 	techniques.	• Score more regularly	• Change speed, direction	haven't they are
Retrieve and stop a ball	work best with their	• Improve accuracy of	without making	with ball to get away	defending.
using different parts of	partner.	passes and use space to	mistakes.	from defender.	Understand different
the body.	• Use different rules and	keep possession better.	Choose and adapt their	• Shoot accurately in a	ways of attacking and
• Play a variety of	tactics for invasion	Remain in control of ball	techniques to keep	variety of ways.	encourage them to use positions for their team
running and avoiding	games. • Make it difficult for	while travelling.Use communication	possession and give their team chance to	Mark an opponent.	carefully.
games.Practise skills to make	opponents.	skills to help others	shoot.	• Watch and evaluate the success of the games	 Understand different
them warmer.	• Keep the ball and find	know where they are	 Plan ideas and tactics 	they play in.	ways to attack and
• Explain why they enjoy	best places to score.	going.	similar across invasion	 Identify parts of the 	defend.
playing games and	• Watch others	• Look when travelling	games.	game that are going	Choose right formations
physical activities.	accurately.	and what happens after	Know what rules are	well and parts that need	and tactics for attack
• Talk about what our	• Describe what they see	they have passed ball.	needed to make games	improving.	and defence.
bodies do during	and ask to copy others'	• Play games that involve	fair.	• Explain how confident	• Know how they support
exercise e.g. breathing.	ideas, skills and tactics.	keeping possession and	• Understand simple	they feel in different	other players in attack
 Participate in team 	 Recognise what is 	scoring in targets. 3vs 1	patterns of play.	positions.	and defence.
games.	successful and how to	and 4vs 1 games.	• Evaluate how successful	• Suggest what they need	• Understand how to get
 Develop simple 	use this knowledge. (Do	 Know which passes are 	their tactics have been,	to practice to enjoy	ready for games.
attacking and	they play well when hot	best, tactics to keep	use appropriate	game more.	
defending techniques.	or out of breath).	possession.	language to describe		

 Pass and receive a ball in different ways with increased control. 	 Participate in team games. Understand and develop tactics for attacking and defending. Pass and receive a ball in different ways with control and increased accuracy 	 Find space to receive and support. Know what to think about when team has and hasn't got the ball. How to organise themselves differently to play each of the games successfully. 	 performance and identify what they do that makes things difficult for their opponents. Know what they need to improve their game and what they need to practice. 	• Change pitch size to make games better.	 Know some ideas for warm up exercises and routines. Know what makes a good warm up. Know what clothing and footwear is best to wear Know how to check playing area.
		• Understand patterns of play- if ball is in a certain position where should players be			 Know how playing invasion games helps your fitness and benefits of playing outside of school.
Net and Wall Games	Net and Wall Games	Net and Wall Games	Net and Wall Games	Net and Wall Games -	Net and Wall Games
 Focus on throwing and catching. Play games based on net games (like tennis and badminton). Children have an opportunity to play 1 v 1, 1 v 2, and 1 v 3. Play running and avoiding games. Explain how practicing skills can help you feel warmer and why is it good to play and get out of breath. Participate in team games. 	 Use their skills to play end to end games, games over a barrier and fielding games. Use their ability to solve problems and make decisions. Watch others and describe what is happening. Talk about what they have done and how they did it. Participate in team games. Pass and receive a ball in different ways with 	 Practise throwing and catching with a variety of different balls and using different types of throwing. Hit the ball with a racket. Use different shots. Play games using throwing and catching skills. Vary strength, length and direction of throw. Know how can they make it difficult for opponent to receive ball. Stand when receiving. 	 Play games using throwing and catching skills. Vary strength, length and direction of throw. Understand how they can make it difficult for opponent to receive ball. Understand where to stand when receiving. Understand attack and defence tactics. Understand rules about the games. Describe what they do and what they find hard. 	 Tennis Hold and swing racket and where to stand on the court when hitting, catching and receiving. Hit the ball on both sides of the body and above head. Use different types of shots during a game. Improve accuracy. Explain why they or others are playing well in the games. Know what they need to get better at and what to practice. 	 Tennis Devise a scoring system. Hit the ball in the court away from opponent, how to outwit them using speed height and direction of ball. Know where to stand when attacking and defending. Explain why they or others are playing well in the games. Know what they need to get better at and what to practice.

 Pass and receive a ball in different ways with control and increased accuracy. Perform fielding techniques with increased control and co-ordination 	 control and increased accuracy. Perform fielding techniques with increased control and co-ordination. 	 Understand attack and defence tactics. Understand rules about the games 	 Talk about how to change the court to make it easier/harder. Say what they do well in a game and what they need help with and what they need to practice. 	 Know how to change court to make easier. Understand practices to help with precision and consistency and speed about the court. 	 Understand how to change court to make easier. Understand practices to help with precision and consistency and speed about the court.
Striking and Fielding	Striking and Fielding	Striking and Fielding	Striking and Fielding	Striking and Fielding	Striking and Fielding
<u>Games</u>	<u>Games</u>	<u>Games</u>	<u>Games</u>	<u>Games</u>	<u>Games</u>
 Be confident and safe in the spaces used to play games. Explore and use skills, actions and ideas individually and in combination to suit the game they are playing. Understand that being active is good for them and fun. Participate in team games. Pass and receive a ball in different ways with control and increased accuracy. Perform fielding techniques with increased control and co-ordination 	 Choose, use and vary simple tactics. Recognise good quality in performance. Use information to improve their work. Participate in team games. Pass and receive a ball in different ways with control and increased accuracy. Perform fielding techniques with increased control and co-ordination 	 Consolidate and develop the range and consistency of their skills in striking and fielding games. Recognise how specific activities affect their bodies. Understand the importance of keeping warm. 	 Choose and use a range of simple tactics and strategies. Keep, adapt and make rules for striking and fielding games. Recognise good performance and identify the parts of a performance that need improving. 	 Develop the range and consistency of their skills, especially in specific striking and fielding games. Know how to warm up. Understand what to include in a warm up in order to improve performance. Understand why exercise is good for their fitness, health and wellbeing. 	 Use and adapt rules, strategies and tactics, using their knowledge of basic principles of batting and fielding. Evaluate strengths and weaknesses in their own and others' performances and suggest improvements

DANCE					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pupils should be tau	ight:	Pupils should be taught:		Pupils should be tau	ght:
• To perform dances, using simple movement patterns		 To perform dances using a range of movement patterns To compare their performance with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best 		 To perform dances using a range of movement patterns To compare their performance with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best 	
For instance:		For instance:		For instance:	
COMPOSE To emulate moves as demonstrated		COMPOSE Create dance phrases/dances to communicate an idea		<u>COMPOSE</u> Create longer, more challenging dance phrases/dance	
Develop control of movement using:		Develop movement using:		Select appropriate movement material to express ideas/thoughts/feelings	
ACTIONS (WHAT) -	travel, stretch, twist, turn, jump	ACTIONS (WHAT) – travel, turn, gesture, jump, stillness		Develop movement using:	
	orwards, backwards, sideways, owing an awareness of others	SPACE (WHERE) – <i>formation, direction and levels</i>		ACTIONS (WHAT) – travel, turn, gesture, jump, stillnes	
-	HO) – on own and with a partner her 2 movements to create a dance			rmation, direction, level, pathways	
with 4 actions		DYNAMICS (HOW) – <i>explore speed, energy</i>		RELATIONSHIPS (WHO) – solo/duo/trio, unison/canon/contrast	
DYNAMICS (HOW) – slowly, quickly, with appropriate expression		Choreographic devices; motif, motif development and repetition		DYNAMICS (HOW) – <i>explore speed, energy (e.g. heavy/light, flowing/sudden)</i>	
Use own ideas to se	Use own ideas to sequence dance		Structure a dance phrase, connecting different ideas, showing a clear beginning, middle and end		c
Sequence and reme	mber a short dance	Link phrases to music			

PERFORM		PERFORM
Move spontaneously showing some control and co- ordination	<u>PERFORM</u> Perform dance to an audience showing confidence	Perform dance to an audience showing confidence and clarity of actions
Move with confidence when walking, hopping,	Show co-ordination, control and strength (Technical	Show co-ordination, control, alignment, flow of energy
jumping, landing	Skills)	and strength (Technical Skills)
Move with rhythm in the above actions	Show focus, projection and musicality (Expressive	Show focus, projection, sense of style and musicality
Demonstrate good balance	Skills)	(Expressive Skills)
	Demonstrate different dance actions – travel, turn,	Demonstrate a wide range of dance actions – travel,
Move in time with music	gesture, jump and stillness	turn, gesture, jump and stillness
Co-ordinate arm and leg actions (e.g. holding hands,	Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy and	Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy,
swapping places, meeting and parting)	continuity	continuity, rhythm
	Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions,	Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions,
APPRECIATE	pathways and body shape	pathways, size and body shape
Respond to own work and that of others when	Demonstrate different relationships – mirroring,	Demonstrate different relationships – mirroring,
exploring ideas, feelings and preferences	unison, canon, complementary and contrasting	unison, canon, complementary and contrasting, body
Recognise the changes in the body when dancing and		part to body part and physical contact
how this can contribute to keeping healthy	APPRECIATE	
	Show an awareness of different dance styles and	APPRECIATE
	traditions	Show an awareness of different dance styles, traditions and aspects of their historical/social context
	Understand and use simple dance vocabulary	
		Understand and use dance vocabulary
	Understand why safety is important	Understand why safety is important in the studio
	Compare and comment on their own and other's work-	
	strengths and areas for improvement	Compare and evaluate their own and other's work

ATHLETICS					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pupils should be taught	t:	Pupils should be taught:		Pupils should be tau	ght:
jumping, throwing ar	ements including running, nd catching, as well as	isolation and in combin		isolation and in co	
developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities			rmance with previous ones ovement to achieve their	· ·	performance with previous ones improvement to achieve their
For instance:		For instance:		For instance:	
RUNNING Run for 1 minute		RUNNING Pace and sustain their effort over longer distances – 2		RUNNING Sustain pace over longer distance - 3 minutes	
Show differences in running at speed and jogging		minutes Run smoothly at different speeds		Perform relay change-overs	
Use different technique	-	Choose different styles of running of different		Identify the main str and others	engths of a performance of self
Describe different ways	s of running	distances Identify parts of the performa		performance that needs to be	
JUMPING Perform the 5 basic jun	nps (2-2, 2-1, 1-2, 1-1 same foot,	Watch and describe specific aspects of running (e.g. improved			
1-1 landing on the othe				warm-up exercises specific to d longer distances	
Perform combinations	of the above	types of challenges over a			-
Show control at take-off and landing		Carry out stretching and v	warm-up safely		ng up affects performance
Describe different ways of jumping		Set realistic targets of times to achieve over a short and longer distance (with guidance)		Explain why athletic. strength	s can help develop stamina and
Explain what is success	ful or how to improve				

	JUMPING	Set realistic targets for self, of times to achieve over a
THROWING	Perform combinations of jumps (e.g. hop, step, jump)	short and longer distance
Throw into targets	showing control and consistency	
		JUMPING
Perform a range of throwing actions (e.g. rolling, underarm, overarm)	Choose different styles of jumping	Demonstrate a range of jumps showing power and consistency at both take-off and landing
	Watch and describe specific aspects of jumping (e.g.	
Describe different ways of throwing	what arms and legs are doing)	Set realistic targets for self when jumping for distance or height
Explain what is successful or how to improve	Set realistic targets when jumping for distance for	
	height (with guidance)	THROWING
		Throw with greater accuracy, control and efficiency of
	THROWING	movement using pulling, pushing and slinging action
	Explore different styles of throwing (e.g. pulling,	with foam javelin, shot and discus
	pushing and slinging – to prepare for javelin, shot and	
	discus)	Organise small groups to SAFELY take turns when
		throwing and retrieving implements
	Throw with greater control	
		Set realistic targets for self when throwing over an
	Consistently hit a target with a range of implements	increasing distance and understand that some implements will travel further than others
	Watch and describe specific aspects of throwing (e.g.	
	what arms and legs are doing)	
	Set realistic targets when throwing over an increasing	
	distance and understand that some implements will	
	travel further than others (with guidance)	

SWIMM	ING				
/ear 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pupils should be ta	nught:				I
• use a range	ompetently, confidently and p e of strokes effectively (e.g. fi afe self-rescue in different wa	ont crawl, backstroke and b			
			For instance:		
			pace themselves in		
			floating and swimming		
			challenges related to		
			speed,		
			distance and personal		
			survival		
			b swim unaided for a		
			sustained period of time		
			over a distance of at least	:	
			25m		
			c use recognised arm and		
			leg actions, lying on their		
			front and back		
			d use a range of		
			recognised strokes and personal survival skills		
			[for example,		
			front crawl, back crawl,		
			breaststroke, sculling,		
			floating and surface		
			diving].		
			Lesson Sequence:		

Year 1 Year 2		Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
		ught:	1		
		 Pupils should be taught: To take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team To compare their performance with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best 			
	For instance:		For instance:		
	Mark control points Find way back to a Co-operate and sha Listen to each othe adapt Take responsibility Recognise that som can be dangerous Follow rules to kee Select appropriate problem successful	Take responsibility for a role within the group Recognise that some outdoor adventurous activities		Draw maps and plans and set trails for others to follow Use the eight points of the compass to orientate Plan an orienteering challenge Plan and share roles within the group based on each other's strengths Understand individuals' roles and responsibilities Adapt roles or ideas if they are not working Recognise and talk about the dangers of tasks Recognise how to keep themselves and others safe Plan strategies to solve problems/plan routes/follow trails/build shelters etc. Implement and refine strategies	